

ALL WHO DIE IN INFANCY DECLARED TO BE "ELECT."

Presbyterian Creed-Revision Committee Agrees Upon a Declaratory Statement Opposing the So-Called Doctrine of "Infant Damnation" and Declaring That It Has Never Been Taught in America.

PREDESTINATION HELD TO BE IN HARMONY WITH GOD'S LOVE.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 8.—In unmistakable language the Committee on Creed-Revision of the Presbyterian General Assembly today declared against the so-called doctrine of "infant damnation." A declaratory statement with reference to "elect infants" was adopted, asserting that the Presbyterian Church does not teach that those dying in infancy are lost, but that all dying in infancy are included in the election of grace. The members of the committee declared that the American Presbyterian Church ever taught the doctrine of infant damnation.

PREDESTINATION DECLARED IN HARMONY WITH GOD'S LOVE.

The committee also decided upon a form of declaratory statement on the third chapter of the Confession of Faith, declaring that the doctrine of predestination is held in harmony with God's love for all mankind, and that no man is condemned except on the ground of his sin.

The testing of declaratory statements accomplishes the same object, to all intents and purposes, as would be attained by a vote, pure and simple. The making of a declaratory statement implies simply an interpretation of the disputed points in the confession, which the General Assembly does not intend to make plain.

When the committee convened this morning the situation was one of harmony in the determination to formulate declaratory statements against infant damnation and in favor of an interpretation of the doctrine of predestination.

It was upon the question of the form of the declaratory statements that opportunity arose for argument. Many methods and wordings were suggested and debated. It was late in the afternoon when the com-

mittee, by a vote that was overwhelmingly in the affirmative, decided to incorporate in its report the sentiments contained in the statement given out later by its clerk, the Reverend Doctor William H. Roberts.

The Reverend Doctor George H. Stewart, of Auburn, said to-night on the subject of the declaratory statement upon "elect infants":

"There is a little doubt that the portion of the committee's report relating to infant salvation, not infant damnation, will be adopted by the General Assembly, together with recommendations which the committee is to make."

INTERPRETATION STATES

"The interpretation placed by the committee upon the chapter covers the belief that every Presbyterian clergyman, I think, has held for many years, and does now hold. It is that the American Presbyterian Church never taught the doctrine of infant damnation. There is no warrant for it in the Confession. The language of the chapter does not admit of such an interpretation. The contention that the use of the term 'elect infants' opens the way to the theory that there is such a thing as 'non-elect' infants is not tenable, and never was. The action of the committee in bringing this out plainly and unmistakably in the form of a declaratory statement should forever remove all chance for further discussion of this point."

The Reverend Doctor William H. Roberts, clerk of the committee, commented briefly upon the conclusions reached by the members upon "elect infants." He said:

"This ought to settle everyone who goes about shouting that the Presbyterians are in favor of infant damnation. The church has never taught that doctrine. Everyone will know now exactly where we stand. The effect of the committee's conclusion should be immediate and far-reaching."

ILLINOIS CAMPAIGN GETTING QUITE WARM

Jefferson County Committee Indorsed Havill for Appellate Clerk.

ALLEN AND WISE BELLIGERENT.

There Are Many Candidates in the Twenty-Fourth Congressional District—Vermilion Primaries.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL.

Mount Vernon, Ill., Feb. 8.—The Jefferson County Democratic Central Committee met today and allowed Frank W. Havill of Mount Carmel to make a speech, fourth in a series of addresses, in which he declared that nothing short of a revolution is meant by the United Irish League, and that the advocates of constitutional methods are slowly, but surely, giving way to the strong physical-force section.

A committee of five was appointed to select seven delegates to the Senatorial Convention of the Forty-sixth District, which meets at Olney March 30. The delegates to be chosen are instructed to divide the vote of Jefferson County equally between the various candidates.

The committee appointed to select delegates to the Congressional Convention, Twenty-third District, which meets at Newton, Mo., Feb. 12, made the following selections: W. H. Green, chairman; Mount Vernon; W. P. Faust, Walnut Hill; J. W. Jeffries, Watkinson; Thomas H. Mann, Watkinson; John B. Harmon, Dix; J. H. Watson, Woodland; John P. Kirk, Ina; Robert S. Young, Rufford; B. M. Bradford, Mount Vernon; Albert Watson, Mount Vernon; John P. Tanner, Mount Vernon; P. J. Bates, Opdyke; Josie Simmons, Dix; James M. Latta, Dix; Thomas H. Mann, Mount Vernon; M. Stanley, Mount Vernon; Charles R. Keller, Mount Vernon.

This delegation is to be unopposed, and is to vote as a unit on all questions.

J. B. Crowley of Robinson, Doctor M. D. Foster of Olney, and J. H. Watson of Watkinson, Congressional candidates, and T. A. Tippitt, candidate for the Legislature, were present.

VERMILION COUNTY CONTEST.

Danville, Ill., Feb. 8.—The Vermilion County Republican primaries were held today. The main bone of contention was the contest between Charles A. Allen and Benjamin W. Allen for the Legislature.

Mr. Allen is an old-time politician. He gathered the celebrated Yerkes traction bill, which was dubbed with his name, "the Allen bill." He also antagonized the anti-trust laws in widening the scope of the collection laws. His enemies say this is all a grandstand play by Charles Allen to draw votes, so as to offset his lack of record in the Yerkes traction bill.

Mr. Allen is a member of the Vermilion County Board of Supervisors. He is an honest, hard-working man, and is well known to the people of the county. He is a native of this county, and has lived here for nearly twenty years. He is a member of the Republican party, and is a strong supporter of the party's principles.

Mr. Allen's opponent, Benjamin W. Allen, is a young man, and is a member of the Democratic party. He is a native of this county, and has lived here for nearly ten years. He is a member of the Democratic party, and is a strong supporter of the party's principles.

The contest between the two Allens is expected to be a close one. The election will be held on March 10.

EVERSON CASE GOES TO JURY.

No Verdict at a Late Hour—Closing Testimony.

The trial of William B. Everson, who was charged with murder in the first degree, was finished at Clayton yesterday afternoon and the case went to the jury late last night.

Doctor E. C. Runge, Superintendent of the St. Louis Insane Asylum, was the main witness for the defense yesterday. Doctor Runge was not on the stand yesterday morning and kept there for nearly two hours. He had been present during the testimony of the previous witnesses and had also made a personal examination of the defendant.

Doctor Runge reviewed the testimony and then gave it as his opinion that Everson was sane at the time of the crime. He was put through a severe cross examination by the State.

The defense finished the examination of witnesses yesterday at noon, and the State called the Sheriff and his deputies and some of Everson's former neighbors in Steelville, Mo., in rebuttal. The taking of testimony was concluded about 3 o'clock and Judge McElhinney took about two hours to prepare his instructions.

An adjournment was then had for supper, after which the case was argued by F. A. Heldorn and John R. Warfield for the State and by William B. Everson, John Johnston and Robert Shackelford for the defense. About four hours were consumed in the argument.

Everson shot and killed his 2-year-old daughter, Irene, at the home of his father-in-law, Jacob H. Hays, in Moraine Heights, April 2, 1901. Insanity was his plea.

WOMAN KILLED BY A GOAT.

Vicious Animal Butted Aged Mrs. Frieze, Inflicting Fatal Injuries.

Stewardson, Ill., Feb. 8.—Mrs. Charles Frieze, who was severely butted by a vicious goat a few days ago, died from the effects of her injuries tonight. She was an old resident of this township, and quite wealthy. Mrs. Frieze was about 70 years of age. She was taken to the St. Louis German Lutheran church.

It is a case of youth against age. Punk being past 40, while Owen is but 30. Ford County to be given the other Republican nomination from this district, in order to keep the delegates lined up for the congressional campaign. The delegates to be elected are Judge, Sheriff, Treasurer, Clerk and Superintendent of Schools. For Sheriff there are five candidates, an unusually large field.

IRISH REVOLUTION DECLARED LIKELY.

Physical-Force Section Is Said to Be Gaining Ground Throughout the Island.

COMING STORM IS WELCOMED.

Younger Element Speaks With Enthusiasm of Prospect for Trouble—"Court of the League Supreme."

London, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Dublin declares that the "firmly-rooted belief in influential circles is that nothing short of a revolution is meant by the United Irish League, and that the advocates of constitutional methods are slowly, but surely, giving way to the strong physical-force section."

According to the correspondent, "Lord Salisbury's speech of Wednesday last, before the Junior Constitutional Club, leads people to hope that the Government has at last learned the lesson that home rule may be killed by kindness, and that the Ministry has become aware of the terrible havoc being worked by the league throughout Ireland."

"Irishmen who have just returned from the United States aver that no support will be given to the disloyal cause unless the discussions and scenes in Parliament give rise to something more active in Ireland itself. The American end of the campaign is being run by men who are all of the same stamp as Finerty, who recommends dynamite and rifles."

"The United Irish League is being taught to believe in the coming storm and to openly speak thereof with enthusiasm. The policy of kindness has convinced the peasantry that the reign of the British is almost at an end, and in truth, the British statute book is already suspended and the court of the league is supreme."

BAGGAGE SUBWAY FOR UNION STATION.

Terminal Plans Include Removal of Express Offices and Widening of Yards.

LARGER INTERLOCKING PLANT.

Belt Line to Encircle St. Louis to Relieve Congestion Caused by Enormous Increase in Business.

Two important meetings were held in St. Louis yesterday in the development of plans to vastly improve the service of the Union Station and to almost double the city's terminal facilities.

A great subway for the handling of baggage under the passenger tracks in the mammoth shed is now being worked out in detail by engineers. The Executive Committee of the Terminal Railroad Association yesterday reported to a special meeting of the directors that plans for this work are almost complete.

Leading through the neck of the train shed are not only the tracks, but also the baggage rooms. The baggage rooms will be increased to eight and the interlocking plant doubled in capacity. The four tracks which now run into the thirty-two shed tracks often become tied up by the mere derailing of a locomotive. Under the improvement to be made this could not occur, one way always being open.

In order to put in this additional trackage it will be necessary to remove the express offices, comprising a number of large storage buildings on the east side of the station yards. It has been definitely decided where these offices will be located, but it is the intention to arrange these buildings in such a manner that they can connect with the main line in the same manner as the baggage-rooms to the west.

New System of Checking.

The subway will be provided with elevators for the baggage. The baggage will be taken on tracks leading up to trains running over the various routes to which it is designated. Baggage will also be moved, which will remove all of the present difficulties in handling baggage over the constantly changing tracks. The plan is to add a baggage-checking room in the station. A traveler can buy his ticket and have his baggage checked in one place. From the baggage-checking room the baggage will be sent to the baggage rooms in the central waiting room to the baggage rooms checks will be sent in pneumatic tubes.

Other improvements of a most important nature were discussed, and it was decided that the Union Station should be carefully planned when first built that it had been necessary to make little change in the plan. The plan for improvement would be so fully developed that it will not again be necessary to make changes or increase facilities for at least many more years.

Terminal Admits the Vandalla.

The Terminal Railroad Association stockholders also met yesterday and ratified arrangements for including the Vandalla (Pennsylvania) Railway in its organization. The association now has seven proprietary interests. It was voted to increase the number of directors from eight to eight, and the additional member was not elected. No representative of the Vandalla was named.

The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern and the Eastern Shore Railroad, which are not represented at yesterday's meeting, are expected to be included in the association.

Another special meeting will be held, which will be held on Wednesday next. At this meeting the matter of yard improvements will be taken up. The plan for the improvement of the yard is to be ready for full announcement.

Spends \$2,000,000 for Land.

The Terminal Railroad Association has purchased the land for the Union Station for terminal purposes within the last two years. Almost every railroad in St. Louis has been buying land for the purpose.

It was announced in the second of the two meetings yesterday in the directors' room of the Merchants' Exchange, at which the directors of the Union Station, the Traffic Bureau, the Transportation Committee of the Merchants' Exchange, the Transportation Committee of the Business Men's League and the officials of the different railroads and terminal companies.

St. Louis Rapidly Advancing.

It was the consensus of opinion that the congestion of traffic is caused by an enormous increase in the volume of business. The rapid advancement of the city, the growth of commerce and also the general increase in the volume of business. The terminal situation was thoroughly gone over. It was shown that in the last two years the business of the Union Station in St. Louis has increased 6,000,000 tons.

Keeping Ahead of City's Business.

W. S. McChesney, Jr., vice president and general manager of the Terminal Railroad Association, outlined the plans of the company for increasing its facilities. He said that his company had settled upon a policy of building ahead of the city's business. He said that the company had already completed its belt line around the city, and that it was now planning to build a new line from the city to the river. He said that the company was now planning to build a new line from the city to the river.

Chief Washburn Said on Departing: "Heap Fine Boy, Mighty Young for Big Chief."

Representative Curtis of Kansas will introduce a bill in the House on Monday to authorize the Indians to make this disposition of their lands. The treaty that Chief Washburn has with him provides that the tribal land shall be distributed among the individuals during the next ten years, at which time the tribe will disintegrate and merge into citizenship.

FELIX BENTON STARK DEAD.

Former Prominent Merchant of Louisville, Ky.—Funeral Plans.

Felix Benton Stark, formerly a prominent business man of Louisville, Ky., but for the past few years an employee of one of the branches of the National Biscuit Company in St. Louis, died Friday afternoon at his home, No. 24 South Eighteenth street, of pneumonia.

Mr. Stark was born in Louisville in 1841, where he made his home until a few years ago. At one time he was proprietor of several of the largest grocery houses in that city and was considered one of its most wealthy citizens. He is the brother of Mrs. Jennie W. Brannan of Fargo, N. D. The funeral will take place from the Central Methodist church, corner Broadway and Pine streets, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

BARTHOLOMAY MAKES STARTLING CHARGE.

Says World's Fair Appropriation Was Obtained on Condition That Nesbit Law Be Repealed.

VIEWS OF FAIR DIRECTORS.

Say They Were Not Authorized to Make Promises and Regard Statement as Attempt to Inject Politics Into Fair.

The Republic Bureau, Washington, Feb. 8.—The House Committee on Election of President and Vice President today heard Representative Bartholomay on his bill "to prevent frauds" at elections to Federal offices.

Mr. Bartholomay asserted that the Nesbit law is defeating the will of the people of St. Louis and for proof cited the election of J. J. Butler over Horton. Bartholomay said, also, that it was promised, when St. Louis got the World's Fair appropriation of \$300,000, that the State would repeal the Nesbit law.

Judge Rucker of Missouri, who is a member of the committee, defended the law. He said that if the people of the State did not endorse the law within their legislative power to repeal it, Bartholomay responded that it was bargained that the law would be repealed in return for the World's Fair appropriation.

Mr. Rucker of Tennessee cited what he called fraudulent practices in his State by which the Republicans are kept out of Congress.

Without reporting the bill the committee adjourned.

Speaker Henderson and the Republican leaders are opposed to legislation of this kind by the House Committee.

A caucus will consider next week the various force bills proposed by Southern Republicans and it is expected that a quietus will be given to all of them.

Members of the World's Fair Directory, to whom the statement of Congressman Bartholomay was last night, declined to discuss what they considered a very evident attempt to inject politics into the Exposition. But it can be finally stated, from the statement made by the directors, that the directors who went to Washington in the interest of securing a Government appropriation for the Fair, were authorized to make any promises which might be necessary for the securing of the appropriation, nor that any promises were made. The story is regarded by them as too absurd to be treated seriously.

SEEKING TO PROLONG LIFE BY WILL POWER.

Aged S. M. Keller of Illinois Ad- vances a Remarkable Theory.

REPUBLICAN SPECIAL. Mendota, Ill., Feb. 8.—That prolonging human life is possible through the proper employment of one's will power is being put to a practical test by S. M. Keller of this city, who, despite his 71 years, walks with the elasticity and dash of an athlete, claims no ill and expects to pass the century mark of time.

Mr. Keller is one of the pioneer educators of Macoupin County, and is known widely as an advanced thinker and a man of remarkable mentality. He has made a diligent study of the mind and claims many things for it in its power over matter. He now advances the theory that it is, in truth, the elixir of life, the power that restores youth to age, the secret of longevity. It is within the power of anyone, he claims, to exercise this force if there is a sufficient understanding of the principle and an intelligent application thereof. From twenty to thirty years more he is added to one's life thereby, he maintains.

To illustrate his own rejuvenation, Mr. Keller today, in the presence of a Republican audience, declared that he was younger than the nimblest and perfect ease of a ballet dancer. "See!" he exclaimed, starting off sprightly across a room, "my feet are free and easy as a child's. I am younger than I was thirty years ago."

KAW INDIANS CALL ON PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

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GEORGE J. KOBUSCH IS ARRESTED ON WARRANT CHARGING PERJURY.

President of St. Louis Car Company Connected by the Grand Jury With Bribery Cases.

RELEASED ON \$5,000 BOND.

Investigating Body Delving Into History of Central Traction Bill in Municipal Assembly—Kobusch Makes No Explanation.

WITNESSES SUMMONED BEFORE GRAND JURY YESTERDAY.

Charles Green, real estate dealer.
Philip S. Hogen, employee of Board of Public Improvements.
A. Leno, assistant cashier Central Bank.
Charles Gutke, ex-member House of Delegates.
Louis Dickmann, ex-Speaker of House of Delegates.
Charles Ewen, treasurer Laclede Gas Company.
Alexander Ross, secretary Laclede Gas Company.
Edwards Whitaker, broker.
Joseph Bauer, ex-Deputy.
Louis Huth.
Joe Jurge, clerk House of Delegates.
Otto F. Karbe, member House of Delegates.
Henry Pfeiffer, member House of Delegates.
John P. Sweeney, member House of Delegates.

George J. Kobusch, president of the St. Louis Car Company, was arrested yesterday afternoon on a bench warrant issued at the instance of the Grand Jury, charging him with perjury. Kobusch gave bond in the sum of \$5,000, with Henry F. Vogel as surety, before Judge Ryan at a hour later, and was released pending his appearance in court to-morrow to answer the indictment which it is believed the Grand Jury has returned.

The issuance of the bench warrant against Kobusch, while a great surprise to him, had been expected by those who have followed the progress of the Central Traction bill in its investigations into the charges of municipal corruption, and was indicated in Friday's Republic.

The Grand Jury has been anxious for several days to secure the attendance of Kobusch as a witness, but the Deputy Sheriffs were unable to find him until late Friday afternoon, when he was located at the room at the Four Courts just in time to avoid an attachment which had been issued against him. He was immediately ushered into the Grand Jury room and remained there but a few moments.

At noon yesterday Sheriff Dickmann was summoned into an anteroom by Circuit Attorney Folk, with whom he held a short conference. When the latter left the room he bore an official document directed to Judge Ryan. Going to his private office, the Sheriff summoned Deputy Sheriff Stanton and gave him the document, with some instructions. The document was a bench warrant for Kobusch. Deputy Sheriff Stanton went in search of Judge Ryan, whom he found at one of the theaters. The Judge signed the warrant. The Deputy then proceeded to the St. Louis Car Company's plant, No. 550 North Broadway, and found President Kobusch in his office.

Among the witnesses summoned yesterday were Edwards Whitaker, capitalist and former president of the Transit Company; Alexander Sweeney, member of the House of Delegates; Charles Owens, treasurer of the same company; J. A. Lewis, assistant treasurer of the same company; Fred G. Uthoff, Henry Gaus, ex-Councilman.

DELIVING INTO HISTORY.

Hit by bit the Grand Jury, under the skillful direction of Circuit Attorney Folk, is piecing out the history of the Central Traction franchise grab, and when it is completed it will be found to be a mosaic of corruption worthy of a prominent place in the history of the city.

It was not until the Grand Jury had secured the passage of the franchise, and as the franchise was afterward disposed of to the Central Traction Company for \$1,000,000, the transaction netted \$1,000,000 profit to the long-headed engineers of the scheme.

For the few weeks that the bill was before the Council, it was the subject of much discussion. The Mayor would be assured, there was more money floating through the hands of the Council than there was in the city. The members had ever dreamed of. The very atmosphere was redolent of "big game."

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DOWN THE RIVER.

When Mayor Ziegenhein and a party of city officials, including members of the Municipal Assembly, went down the river in the harbor boat to meet the gunboat Asheville, in 1898, a congressional party of Republicans occupied the seats on the Missouri side of the boat, admiring the scenery. A while later, for \$150,000, the gunboat was chartered by the city, and the bluffs near Carondelet, attracted a good deal of attention, and formed the subject of a bill for his honor by the group of officeholders.

KOBUSCH KNOWLEDGE OF ANY BOODLE FUND.

Accordingly, Mr. Kobusch, when he appeared before the Grand Jury, was asked concerning his connection with the deal and his knowledge of a boodle fund. He declared that he had no knowledge of any boodle fund and did not know that money had been offered or given to legislators to secure the passage of the bill. As these declarations were in direct conflict with statements made by other witnesses, the Grand Jury held him in contempt for perjury.

KOBUSCH WARRANT ONLY ONE ISSUED YESTERDAY.

The Kobusch warrant was the only one issued at the request of the Grand Jury, at the close of the first week's session. It is believed the reason for this was that Circuit Attorney Folk, "is sufficient compensation."



GEORGE J. KOBUSCH, President of the St. Louis Car Company, who was arrested yesterday on a bench warrant charging perjury, issued at the instance of the Grand Jury.

George J. Kobusch, president of the St. Louis Car Company, and former Election Commissioner, was arrested on a bench warrant issued at the instance of the Grand Jury, charging perjury in connection with the Central Traction franchise investigation. He gave bond in the sum of \$5,000.

No other warrants were issued during the week, but one or two are expected to-morrow. Perjury will be the charge, as the statute of limitations in the bribery transaction precludes prosecution for bribery.

The Central Traction deal investigation is temporarily side-tracked with the finding against Kobusch, and next week will be devoted to an inquiry into the garbage contract, city lighting and Meramec water supply deals.

tion for a week of arduous labor pursued under very unsatisfactory conditions. Give the Grand Jury two such days as today to work in where it is unhampered by routine work, and the results will equal what it can accomplish in a week under ordinary conditions."

When the Grand Jury adjourned at 6 o'clock last evening, after an all-day session beginning at 10 o'clock, it had practically completed its investigation into the Central Traction deal. Every witness on the week's calendar had been examined, and the Grand Jury had secured the names of the men who had been in the room when the bill was passed.

Aside from this, and the further probability that before the Grand Jury finally adjourns it will return indictments against members of the Assembly who voted for the measure, it may be said that the investigation has been a success. The Grand Jury has virtually closed, and that next week will be devoted to an inquiry into the garbage contract, city lighting and Meramec water supply deals.

MAN WHO HANDLED

The man who handled the "dough" for the House of Delegates is out of the city, and there is a suspicion in the minds of many that he will not be in a hurry to return when he hears of the developments in the investigation.

The Councilman is still waiting. Both have been before the Grand Jury, and as the Councilman is still declaring that he was "thrown down by his friends," it is interesting to the Grand Jurors.

MEANTIME THE WAG HAD SENT WORD TO THE stakeholder of the Grand Jury, and as the stakeholder had a plot to storm his house and hold him up for the money. Alarmed, the stakeholder fled, and the Grand Jury, finding no trace of him, waited for the expected hold-up. When the stakeholder returned, he was found in the hands of the Grand Jury, and they were very interested in the developments in the investigation.

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